ESTABLISHED JUNE 6, 1870

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1902

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

# MURDEROUS HIGHWAYMAN ATTEMPTS TO HOLD UP SALOON

Deputy Sheriff Lewis Has a Desperate Struggle For Life With the Bandit.

Daring Raid by a Masked Man Who Succeeds in Escaping After His Vicious Attack.

rado hotel, 472 West Second South she clung frantically to him. street, shortly before 12 last night walked to the front of the bar, just in me to see a masked man standing

"It's a holdup!" he yelled and, frightened at the vision, he rushed back behind the partition, as the highwayman stalked boldly behind the sceens also. white handkerchief drawn tightly cross his lower jaw, leaving his upper the holdup stood a moment ing directly in front, leaning against be bar, were Deputy Sheriff Tom

the room, still keeping the gun leveled at the bartender, stepped quickly forward and struck Conahan on the hood of "Claude D. Ives, Ogden." ward and struck Conahan on the head

ward and struck Conahan on the head with the barrel of the weapon.

Stunned by the blow, Conahan staggered and fell in a heap upon the floor. Blood spurted from a deep gash in the back of the head, and he lay helpless. Like a flash, the highwayman turned upon the elder Lewis and struck him on the head with the gun, also bringing him to the floor. He then also bringing him to the floor. He then leveled the gun at Young Lewis behind the bar and fired. The ball went wild and struck a mirror in the rear.

Struggle With Highwayman. Young Lewis dropped to the floor and lay there, but his father, reviving quickly from the blow, sprang to his feet and grappled with the man as he was preparing to take a shot at Conahan. He threw his whole weight against the man, grappling him around the waist.

Lewis at once seized the hand in which the revolver was held, and the struggle for life began. Tall and muscular, and probably 30 years of age, the bandit hurled aside his older and less with any contraction. and less wiry antagorist and at-tempted to get a chance to fire. But Lewis was on him again in a second and together the two wrestled around

Out from the partition which screens the bar from the street the two men lought desperately, and together rashed into a cigar case near the door. Ouring the scuffle the gun was exploded twice, one ball plowing through the lapel of Lewis' coat. Another went upward and lodged in the ceiling. In the narrow passage which is made by the screen and the wall the burglan succeeded in loosening partially the hand which held the weapon and, smiling demoniacally as he looked down at the smaller man, pointed the barrel at the smaller man, pointed the saloon.

\*\*No Weapon in Saloon.

\*\*No Weapon in Saloon.

\*\*More Wages.

\*\*Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 14.—The Burlington railroad posted a notice today making the new wage scale agreed upon between the general managers of the railroads and the switchmen of Chicago making the new wage scale agreed upon between the general managers of the railroads and the switchmen of Chicago making the new wage scale agreed upon between the general managers of the railroads and the switchmen an increase of 3 cents and foremen an increase of 4 cents and foremen an increase of 4 cen

Lewis again thwarted his attempt and the ball went crashing through the partition. Still locked in a grip of strength the two men staggered round the narrow space and finally fell to-gether to the floor, still fastened rigidly in each other's arms. Lewis still main-tained his grasp on the wrist which held the revolver and they squirmed and panted in the struggle. The burglar

the barrel. He shoved it away from such dangerous proximity to a vital spot and the weapon was discharged and the ball lodged in the counter. Still fighting, the men writhed upon the floor, and the burglar at last es caped from the other.

Hearing the rushing of men who had

been attracted to the place by the fusiliade of bullets, he sprang to his feet, Lewis rising at the same time. The burglar, still holding the gun from which all the cartridges had been emptied, struck Lewis again on the head, landing behind the left ear and cutting a deep gash.

Hold-up Makes His Escape.

three other men were in the rear of the place and, hearing the shots, ran from the back door into the yard. Realizing at last that a desperate encounter was last that a pole and suspecting something wrong, when the proof of the last that a pole and suspecting something wrong, when the proof of the last that a pole and suspecting something wrong, when the proof of the last that a desperate encounter was last that a desperat

Glancing round and seeing others be- shouted back:

OE LEWIS, bartender at the Colo- steaming from the wound in his head, "Get me a gun, and get it quick," yelled Conahan, "there is a crazy man

wounded by the shots she had heard, and no longer able to sustain the tension under which she had been since the first shot was fired, the woman sank in a heap on the floor. She had fainted, and with the aid of a physician was partly restored last night.

Conahan ran to the pearest telephone

Conahan ran to the nearest telephone and a physician was summoned who dressed the wound in his head.

Meanwhile blue coated officers and men who had been attracted by the oking at the men before him. Standg directly in front, leaning against
he bar, were Deputy Sheriff Tom
ewis, the bartender's father, and Pat
conahan, a switchman on the Rio
rande. He cast a hurried glance over Grande. He cast a hurried glance over | mained in the room. It is of Stetson

> Deputy Sheriff Lewis went to the were necessary, but the only evidence left from the first blow was a huge lump on his forehead. While waiting for the physician blood trickled from the wound and he was evidently suffering intensely from the wounds.

"I thought it was all up with me," he said, "when he got the gun right against my breast. I couldn't for the life of me explain how I succeeded in removing the weapon before it exploded, but it was done and the ball grazed my coat, and landed in the counter. That is why I am here now. into the bar, and stood looking around for a moment before he attacked Cona-han. He had a gun pointed at my son, but he moved so quickly that it was done before I could collect myself. He took one step and struck Conahan the head, sending him to the floo Then he turned on me and struck me and together the two wrestled around the room. Meanwhile Conahan lay stunned and bleeding upon the floor, and the younger Lewis, frightened and unable for the moment to realize that his father was in danger of death, remained behind the bar, helpless and tazed.

Out from the partition which screens

Then he turned on me and struck me a heavy blow on the forehead. I fell to my knees and he fired at the boy behind the bar. Then, seeing that he was firing at the boy. I forgot I was hurt and sprang at him. We clinched and fought round the room until we both fell to the floor. The gun was exploded several times and he fired twice at me. It was a parrow escape."

The weapon used by the holdup was evidently, from the size of the bullets that have been found imbedded in the walls, of a .41 caliber. He was about 30 years of age, with neither mustache nor whiskers, and was tall and strongly built. Several suspects were ar-rested by the police officers last night and panted in the struggie. The bargin again succeeded in loosening the hand which held the gun and pushed the muzzle against the breast of his annual against the breast of his against the breast of his annual against the breast of his against the Thinking that the end had come, and fight that Mr. Lewis gave the intruder erate of the consequences, Lewis he was unsuccessful in his efforts to his hold and seized the weapon secure the contents of the cash drawer. The hat which he left, and the thorough description which all the men secured of his appearance, ought, it is

believed, to result in his capture. Lawson Has an Experience.

During the excitement just following the shooting in the saloon, H. H. Lawson, the well known stockman, ran on to the "lookout" stationed near the saloon, and it was only by a clever trick that he escaped being held up. According to the story of Mr. Law son, he was walking up from the de pot, having just come in from Ogden Just after the shooting occurred reached Fourth West street. He When the stranger entered the room a big man standing in the shadow of

man was escaping. The bartender, young Lewis, came from behind the bar as the man walked toward the rear of the room. He still held the weapon in his hand, and as young Lewis started in his direction, said in a warning topic.

in his hand, and as young Lewis started in his direction, said in a warning Lawson as if he had a gun in his hand. Lawson as if he had a gun in his hand. Having been in holdups before. Mr. Lawson, on the spur of the moment,

At these words the stranger turned and fled precipitately. Mr. Lawson hurried on and met two policemen, who

HICAGO, Nov. 14.—After a hearing that lasted nearly all week the grand tribunal or Illinois, Knights of Pythias, has voted unanimous une under the most of great and superhuman efforts in the most of great tribunal or Illinois, Knights of Pythias, has voted unanimous under the most of great and superhuman efforts in the deadly and placed for great and superhuman efforts in the most of great and superhuman efforts in the deadly and superhuman efforts in the mo

Thugs and crooks infest the city; they commit crime with apparent impunity; the public is alarmed and demands an immediate and effective campaign against these evil doers. Yet the chief of police appears to respond to this public demand-



--- "WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO ABOUT IT?"

Pittsburg, Nov. 14.—The officials of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg gave notice today that the wages of all employes receiving less than \$200 per month would be advanced 10 per cent to meet the increase made by the eastern system of the Pennsylvania yesterday. The advance will affect about 40,000 employes.

Montreal, Nov. 14.—It was announced today that the demands of the firemen and engineers of the Grand Trunk railway for increased wages have been met to the extent of from 15 to 25 per cent.

NEWS OF HIS CRIME

HAD PRECEDED HIM

San Francisco, Nov. 14.—R. H. Moffatt was arrested this morning on board the Japanese liner Hong Kong Maru as soon as she was released from quarantine following her arrival from the Orient and the Hawaiian islands. A cablegram in the hands of the police accuses Moffatt of being a fugitive from Hong Kong and being an embezzler of \$24,000. An urgent request is made by the British government that he be held by the local authorities until such time as the crown can arrange with this country for his extradition.

## ANARCHISTS AT WORK IN NEWFOUNDLAND

St. Johns, N. F., Nov. 14 .- The disas to rush into the room he ran ckly through a rear door and distrous fire which broke out in St. Pierre, At these words the stranger turned and fled precipitately. Mr. Lawson from the effects of the blow and still partially dazed, rushed out into the street and up the stairway leading to the hotel. On a landing was Mrs. Cronin, wife of the proprietor, who had heard the shots and rushed down in her night robes. Frightened, she stood waiting, and on seeing Conahan dashing madly up the steps with blood

JOHN A. HINSEY IS FINALLY EXPELLED

sovernment building, the Roman Catholic cathedral and a number of other editions. It was known that the cathedral was set on fire by incendiaries, and last Sunday night an attempt was made to blow up the powder magazine there, which contains the entire stock of explosives for the islets. Had the attempt proved successing madly up the steps with blood.

JOHN A. HINSEY IS FINALLY EXPELLED

## INCREASE IS GENERAL MILLIONAIRE WILL DO TIME

Railroad Men From the Atlantic Colonel Ed Butler, the Wealthy St. Louis Politician, Found Guilty of Attempted Bribery and Sent Up For

nounced today.

T. H. Hickman, foreman of the jury. says the verdict of guilty was reached on the first ballot, but it took three hours for the jury to agree upon the formula to agree upon the first ballot, but it took three hours for the jury wanted to the state prison for a term of three years."

The fling of an appeal to the state sentence. Some of the jury wanted to give Butler the limit. One man want-ed to give him only a fine and jail aday fixed Butler's bond at \$10,000, Colonel Butler and his wife, his two izens of Columbia.

OLUMBIA, Mo., Nov. 14.-Colonel sons, Congressman James J. and Ed-

was signed by prominent cit-

## CREW OF THE RANGER WITNESSED ERUPTION

San Diego, Cal., Nov. 14.-The United

UNDER THE CRIMES ACT.

Limerick, Ireland, Nov. 14.-Jeremiah Buckley, proprietor of the Limerick ble an have b four months' imprisonment at hard labor for inciting to intimidation and conspiracy, although he advised the people to keep within the law. Mr. Buckley gave notice of an appeal and was released on bail.

SOLID VOTE SO FAR. Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 14.-Information

has been received in Pittsburg that 110 of the presbyteries of the Presbyterian

## RIGHT OF HUSBAND.

## MISSION INDIANS ARE DISCONTENTED

Washington, Nov. 14.-Indian bureau

and the abstract of the title to the is no apprehension here of serious trou imerick ble among the Indians, who always have been among the most quiet and hard la-peaceable of the red men.

SEEING THE SIGHTS.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Prince Henry of Pless and the party of foreigners who came to this country to attend the dedication of the new building of the New York chamber of commerce, spent

FLOODS IN SPAIN.

of the presbyteries of the Presbyterian church have voted in favor of the revision of the creed. It is a solid vote so far. It will require but fifty more presbyteries to put the plan through.

\*\*Madrid. Nov. 14.—Torrential rains have failen throughout Spain, causing great damage to the railroad tracks and to the telegraph system. Many landslides are reported from the province of Valencia, bridges have been destroyed and many villages flooded.

## GUIDE CAUGHT ONE LEAN BEAR

Tied it to a Tree For the President to Shoot.

INVITATION WAS DECLINED

SO POOR BRUIN WAS KNIFED BY

CMEDES, Miss., Nov. 14.-A lean black bear, which weighs 235 pounds, is hanging up at the president's camp on the Little Sunflower, but, to the regret of all the members of the party, the first trophy of the hunt did not fall to the president's rifle. The bear's trail was struck by the hounds

various crossings and as seen as the dogs gave tongue the president and his guides plunged through the dense underbrush in pursuit. Within a few minutes the dogs showed the direction the quarry was taking and Hall Columnistic or will be compared by the columnistic or will be columnistic or wil minutes the dogs showed the direction the quarry was taking, and Hoke Collier, with the instinct of an old bear hunter, immediately made up his mind as to where the animal was to come out. To save the president useless hard riding through the brush he directed Mr. Foote to take the president along the trail to a certain cut-off. This was done and the president and Mr. Foote rode to the assigned station. On the way several swamp deer were jumped, but no effort was made to get a shot at them.

For several hours the president and

Commission will near all the evidence in this city.

As early as 9 o'clock the corridors were crowded with people of all classes and conditions, eager to gain admittance. Only a few of them, however, got through the door, as almost every seat was occupied by general superintendents of mining companies and others officials, and representatives of the mine workers.

Among those sitting around the operators' table were Wayne MacVeagh, for the Pennsylvania Coal company and the Hillside Coal company; Fran-

carried the yelping hounds out of hearing and shortly after noon Mr. Foote abandoned hope that the quarry would come back their way, and he and the president returned to the camp for lunch. Had they remained the president would have had a shot, as the bear, with the pack at its heels, crossed almost the exact spot which Hoke had indicated.

counsel for the Lehigh Valley Coal company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh Valley Coal company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh Valley barre, for the Lehigh Valley barre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; A. H. McClintock of Wilkesbarre, for the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre company; and the president would have had a shot, as the bear, with the pack at its heels, crossed almost the exact spot which Hoke had indicated.

indicated.

About a mile beyond this point the bear, exhausted by his long race, ran into a water hole and turned on the dogs, one of which he killed. Collier roped the bear and tied it to a tree, but the president, who was summoned, declined to shoot it and Mr. Parker dispatched it with a kriffe.

Proceedings Opened. patched it with a knife.

camp, but at dark, when the Associated Press correspondent left, there was no

were attempted by the others to get to camp, but without avail.

## MAXIMILIAN'S NAME CLEARED OF TARNISH

Columbia, Mo., Nov. 14.—Colonel Butler, millionaire and politician of St. Louis, on trial court room when the verdict was received. A motion for a new trial was overruled.

When asked by Judge Hockaday if he had any reason to offer why sentence should not be passed on him, Edward by the city, has been found guilty by ward Butler said:

The wordict, found last night, was announced today.

The Hickman, foreman of the jury.

OLUMBIA, Mo., Nov. 14.—General Berward, jr., and their wives were in the court room when the verdict was received. A motion for a new trial was overruled.

Mexico City, Nov. 14.—General Bermards Reyes, minister of war, some time ago set on foot an investigation into the authenticity of a letter, alleged to have been sent by Archduke Maximilian to Colonel Lopez, of his own army, during the siege of Querataro, in 1867, by the Republican forces. In this letter Maximilian earnestly charged Colonel Lopez to keep a certain secret which would be damaging to the writer's reputation. The secret was believed to be that Lopez surrention, Mr. Butler," was the answer. "In few more to La Cruz by order the content of La Cruz by order the operators and miners that will insure peace and stability in the industry for an indefinite of war, some time ago set on foot an investigation into the authenticity of a letter, alleged to have been sent by Archduke Maximilian to Colonel Lopez, of his own increased pay for the miners, a shorter workday for the laborer, the weighing of the coal, and an industrial agree of the coal, and an industrial agree the coal, and an industrial agree the right of the strike, Mr. Mitchell spoke as follows on the question of higher workday for the laborer, the weighing of the coal, and an industrial agree to the the strike, Mr. Mitchell spoke as follows on the question of higher workday for the strike, Mr. Mitchell spoke as follows on the question of higher was believed to be that Lopez surrent was believed to be that Lopez surrent divided to have been the operators and when railroad compa the light of betraying his followers to save his own life. The investigating committee completely clears Maximilian from the grave charge against his character. It is shown by the evidence of the military writing experts that the letter is an undoubted forgery and that Maximilian had no need to write to Lopez, who was at Querataro at the time and had frequent interviews with Maximilian.

INDIANS EARN MONEY

pers, washeries and breakers in the pressure of the same of the extent of from 700 to 900 pounds on the extent of from 700 to 900 pounds of the extent of f

San Diego, Cal., Nov. 14.—The United States steamship Ranger arrived in port today from Panama, which place she left on Oct. 28, after being relieved by the Wisconsin. On her way up she stopped for a few hours at Acapulco. Captain Field declined to talk about the recent friction on the isthmus.

The officials of the ship witnessed the display attending the eruption of Mount Santa Maria, which caused great loss of life and destruction of coffee plantations in Guatemala. From the ship great masses of smoke and pillars of fire could be seen shooting from the volcano, and rivers of lava poured down its steep sides. The decks of the ship were covered with volcanic ashes. The officers say that if any discontent existing among the Mission Indians in the neighborhood of Indio, Cal., as reported from San Bernardino, it is the result of misinterpretation of the government's motive in arranging to transfer what are known as the Warner's Ranch Indian institute, Carlisle, Pa., to Commissioner Jones shows that during the valuations in Guatemala. From the ship great masses of smoke and pillars of fire could be seen shooting from the volcano, and rivers of lava poured down its steep sides. The decks of the ship were covered with volcanic ashes. The officers say that brught up full of ashes. Details of the disaster on land could not be secured from the Ranger's men, as no boats were sent ashore. The vessel was at anchor about twenty-seven miles from the Volcano.

\*\*Washington, Nov. 14.—The annual resists among the Mission Indians in the neighborhood of Indio, Cal., as reported from San Bernardino, it is the result of the government's motive in arranging to transfer what are known as the Warner's Ranch Indian institute, Carlisle, Pa., to Commissioner Jones shows that during the valuation of the government is about the lands at tract of land the government is about the industrial training and that the standard of scholarship and improvement in articulating and English. Colonel Pratt says that in any discontent existing among the from San Bernardino, it is the result of misinterpretation of the government's motive in arranging to transfer what are known as the Warner's Ranch Indians, their kinsfolk, from the lands the latter have occupied for years, to a tract of land the government is about to buy for their home.

The Indian bureau has received no word of any discontent existing among the landance of the Indians, except at Warner's ranch, where the Indians are anxious to remain, though the courts have upheld the claims of white men for the land.

### LAWYER ACCUSED OF STEALING MONEY

Havana, Nov. 14.-Michael J. Dady o Brooklyn has filed charges before the court here against his attorney, Joseph De Wyckott, who, he aneges, has ansoended with \$19,100 which Mr. Dady forwarded here for the purpose of securing an option for waterworks at Clentucegos. Mr. Dady claims that De Wyckoff deposited the money in his own name and afterwards drew it out and left for the United States.

Mr. Dady arrived at Havana Wednesday and expected to meet De Wyckoff.

dollars of overdue death claims and has now nearly \$600,000 cash on hand. + | + danger. + this kind of exhibition. + | + Bow Junction several months ago. + | the revolution in venezuella, has been supported by the surrender to the government.

# PRESIDENT MITCHELL

Anthracite Coal Strike Commission Taking Testimony Upon Which to Base a Decision.

Multitude of Lawyers Representing the Companies Present-Court Room Closely Packed.

Roosevelt to arbitrate the diffiside of the case. After the workmen have concluded their case the opera-tors will make their statement. About

For several hours the president and Mr. Foote waited. The trail of the bear carried the yelping hounds out of hear-carried hear-carried

### Proceedings Opened.

that the commission would hear the representatives of the miners first. Mr. Mitchell said he would file a further statement on Monday in answer to some of the allegations of the operators. John L. Lenahan of Wilkesbarre, on behalf of the non-mion men, inquired of the commission what course the proceedings would take with respect to them. Judge Gray answered that that was a question which would there can be no contentment among those workers until an hopest system.

notice, indicating the collieries from which employes would be called as witnesses, so that the mine owners can be prepared to examine them. Mr. Darrow, for the miners, agreed to the suggestion. President Mitchell arose and addressed the convention. His statement contained 6,000 words.

Mr. Mitchell prefaced his statement with the hope that the commission "would succeed in establishing a relationship between the operators and

dered the convent of La Cruz by order of Maximilian, who was thus put in the light of betraying his followers to save his own life. The investigating anthracite coal fields, 64,072, or 43 per to the extent of from 700 to 900

ployment in any other important in-dustry in the world. The number of persons killed and injured is greater than in any other industry. Each day the anthracite coal mines are in opera-Washington, Nov. 14.—The annual report of Lieutenant Colonel R. C. Pratt, U. S. A., superintendent of the Carlisle Indian institute. Carlisle Pa to Company of the Carlisle Pa to Company work is difficult and exhausting. Reputable insurance companies will not issue policies to this class of workmen, the risks being so great that men whose earnings are so low. The entire 20 per cent which they demand as an increase in their wages would "A not suffice to carry an insurance of

# TELLS THE WHOLE STORY

ulties existing between the anthracite | wages paid to skilled artisans in other mine workers and their employers to-day began the hearing of the miners' to ask that these miners should re ceive as high wages as are paid to winers in the bituminous coal fields, in the silver and gold mines, or in the iron ore and copper mines, all of which work is less hazardous, freer from liability to disease, requiring less experience and less skill, and is bet-

In supporting the demand for the reduction of the hours of the day laborers, Mr. Mitchell said it amounted to a demand of 20 per cent increase of compensation for 83,000 men, or 57 per cent of all mine and the said of the

Eight-hour Day. Continuing, he said: "The eight-hour day is the standard working day in the mining industry. Eight hours constitute a day's work in the coal mines of Great Britain, in all the silver. gold and copper mines, and in the bi-tuminous coal mines in the states of Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Michigan, Kentucky, western Pennsylvania and the Indian

more coal has been produced annuall more coal has been produced annually since the inauguration of the eighthour day than in any preceding one. Each miner produced more coal perworking day in eight hours than he formerly produced in ten hours, and there is no reason why the same results would not be obtained in the anthracite field. The bituminous workers receive in many instances from 20 to receive in many instances from 20 On the way to camp with the dead bear the dogs struck a fresh trail, and the president, Mr. Foote, Mr. Mangum.

Secretary Cortelyou and Dr. Lung followed it.

Mr. Fish and Mr. Parker returned to Defending the third demand, that coal shall be weighed and paid for by

Press correspondent left, there was no sign of the president, and some anxiety was manifested lest the president in his enthusiasm would get too far away and be forced to sleep on the trail.

None of the small army of newspaper men and photographers who followed the president here succeeded in reaching camp today. The only newspaper men allowed there were the three press association representatives, who came with the party. All kinds of expedients were attempted by the others to get to

"would succeed in establishing a relationship between the operators and tute a ton when coal is sold to the consumer and when coal is sold to the consumer.

"Of the 147,000 men and boys employed in and around the mines, strippers, washeries and breakers in the for which he has already been penalized

ment with the necessary machinery for the adjustment of local grievances. He

tection against strikes than they would have under a separate and independent organization.

As to the responsibility of the mine "At the present time the United Ming

(Continued on page 2.)

## VENEZUELAN REBELLION IS CRUSHED.

W ASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Mail advices received here from Caracas, \*
Venezuela, are to the effect that a revent Wenezuela, are to the effect that a report had reached the capital + city that the irons had been taken off General Jose Manuel Her- + nandez, Dr. Finol and the other prisoners detained in the castle of San + Carlos. Hernandez was imprisoned by order of President Castro to prevent him participating in the recent revolution. Hernandez has been a prominent figure in past revolutions and an aspirant for the presidency. Mail advices show that the government now treats the revolution as having been crushed. President Castro, in a proclamation, concludes by

'The most sublime triumph has this day crowned the efforts of patri-